

HISTORY P210/1 DISCUSSION QUESTIONS.

(NATIONAL MOVEMENTS AND NEW STATES)

1. To what extent were the economic consequences of the Second World War responsible for the rise and growth of African nationalism?
2. Examine the impact of Ghana's independence on the development of African Nationalism.
3. Discuss the causes of the 1952 coup in Egypt.
4. Examine the aims and effects of 1969 common man's charter in Uganda.
5. To what extent were colonial policies responsible for the 1959 Rwanda crisis?
6. How have independent African states tried to end neo-colonialism?
7. Assess the achievements of East African community between 1967 and 1977.
8. Examine the causes and effects of refugee problem in independent African states.
9. To what extent is foreign Aid an instrument of neo-colonialism?
10. To what extent was Belgium responsible for the Congo crisis of 1960?
11. "The British policies in Kenya were responsible for the Mau-Mau uprising between 1952 and 1955" Discuss.
12. With reference to any one country in West Africa assess the impact of military governments.
13. Discuss the challenges that were faced by the Organisation of African Unity between 1963 and 1985 (OAU).
14. To what extent has non- alignment movement achieved the objectives of its founders since 1955?

15. To what extent was front de liberation de nationale (FLN) responsible for the liberation war in Algeria?
16. Examine the causes and effects of the Kabaka crisis of 1953.
17. Assess the contribution of Kwame Nkurumah to the early independence of Ghana in 1957.
18. How relevant is the concept of Pan Africanism today?
19. With reference to Tanzania, show how socialism faired.
20. Examine the manifestations and effects of Neo- colonialism in Africa today.
21. To what extent were the political factors responsible for the Biafra war of secession?
22. Discuss the achievements of the E.African community since 1967 and show how member states have revived it.
23. Examine the causes and impact of corruption in African independent states.
24. Assess the role of the Italo-Ethiopian crisis in the rise and growth of African Nationalism.
25. "Colonial, social and economic activities gave rise to African nationalism"
Discuss
26. "The collapse of the E. African community in 1977 was inevitable" Discuss.
27. Assess the role of frontline states in dismantling apartheid in S. Africa.
28. To what extent was the Rwanda civil war of 1990 a continuation of the Rwanda revolution of 1959?
29. To what extent was the Rwanda revolution of 1959 a result of colonial legacy?
30. How far was the Zanzibar revolution of 1964 a result of racism?

31. "The downfall of Haile sellassie in 1974 was inevitable" . Discuss.
32. Assess the impact of the Mozambique war of independence on Mozambique.
33. Assess the role of African elites in the rise and growth of A.N.
34. To what extent was the Sudan civil war a result of colonial legacy?
35. Assess the role of O A U in the de- colonization process in Africa.
36. Account for the Italo-Ethiopian crisis and assess its impact on Ethiopia.
37. How far was the Mau – Mau movement responsible for the decolonization of Kenya between 1952 and 1963?
38. Explain the reforms under taken by emperor Haille Sellesie in Ethiopia between 1930 and 1974.
39. Examine the impact of Idi Amins rule in Uganda between 1971 and 1978.
40. Examine the causes and effects of the 1966 coups in Nigeria .
41. Account for the Somali civil war between 1991 and 2009.
42. To what extent was South Africa responsible for the delayed independence of Namibia between 1966 and 1990?
43. Examine the causes and effects of the Eritrean war of secession.
44. Assess the contribution of Eduardo mondlane to the success of armed struggle in Mozambique.
45. Assess the impact of the Libyan coup of 1969 on Libya.
46. Examine the causes and effects of the overthrow of Abubakar Tafawa Balewa in 1966.
47. To what extent was the wal-wal incidence responsible for the outbreak of the Italo- Ethiopian crisis?

48. To what extent was the Mau-Mau uprising responsible for the rise and growth of A.N?
49. Account for the delayed independence of Namibia.
50. Assess the role of Asia's independence in the rise and growth of African nationalism.
51. Assess the achievements of Nasser Abdul of Egypt up to 1970.
52. To what extent was Don Salazar of Portugal responsible for the delayed independence of the Portuguese colonies?
53. Assess the achievements of O A U from 1963 up to July 2002.
54. Examine the causes and effects of the Katanga crisis.
55. To what extent was Moise- Thombe responsible for the congo crisis of 1960?
56. How far was the Eritrean war of independence a secessionist struggle?
57. Discuss the factors that led to the growth of African nationalism after 1945.
58. Examine the problems that delayed the liberation of S.Africa.
59. To what extent was China responsible for the rise and growth of African Nationalism.?
60. Analyze the causes of the Chad civil war and show how it affected African unity.
61. Examine the factors that led to Rhodesia's unilateral declaration of independence.
62. Assess the significance of the Egyptian revolution of 1952.
63. Why did Buganda fail to succeed from the rest of Uganda in the period 1952 to 1966?
64. To what extent was the trusteeship status of Somalia a factor in enabling her to achieve independence?

65. To what extent was the 1971 coup in Uganda responsible for the collapse of the E.African community?
66. Examine the role of UGCC and CPP in the independence struggle of Ghana.
67. "The downfall of Haile Mariam Mengistu was inevitable" Discuss.
68. Assess the role of the 1941 Atlantic Charter in the decolonization of Africa?
69. To what extent has the single party system offered a challenge to multi-party system in English speaking Africa?
70. "The organization of African Unity fell short of the union envisioned by its founders". Discuss.
71. Assess the contribution of the Manchester congress of October 1945 to the growth of Pan-Africanism.
72. Why have the African independent states fallen victims of Neo-colonialism?
73. With reference to Nigeria or Ethiopia, identify the reasons, which led to coups and military regimes there.
74. With specific examples, show how India's attainment of independence in 1947 influenced the growth of African nationalism.
75. Examine the significance of the Italo-Ethiopian crisis in the Pan – African movement.
76. Trace the rise of any of the following and assess its contribution in the struggle for independence;
- i, The convention peoples party (CPP)
 - ii, The African Democratic Rally(RDA)
 - iii, National congress of Nigeria and Cameroon(N.C.N.C)
 - iv, FRELIMO
 - v, Malawi Congress Party
 - vi, ZANU

77. What was the significance of the Mau-Mau uprising in the political development of Kenya?
78. Examine the causes of the Sudan civil war and what steps were taken to end it.
79. To what extent was King Farouk responsible for the Egyptian revolution?
80. Assess the contribution of the people of Angola in their liberation struggle against the Portuguese colonial rule.
81. a, Discuss the origins and aims of apartheid in S. Africa.
b, How did this policy affect the people of S. Africa?
82. Examine the causes and effects of the 1971 coup in Uganda.
83. To what extent were the political and economic factors responsible for the Rwanda revolution of 1959?
84. To what extent was the O A U successful in solving border conflicts?
85. What was the Lusaka declaration? How binding was it to its makers?
86. Examine the causes of R.U.M in New African states and what is being done to check the problems.
87. What are the causes of unemployment in Africa? What is being done to check the problem of unemployment in Africa?
88. With illustrations from Southern Africa, assess the role of United Nations organization in the liberation struggles of African states.
89. Discuss the obstacles in the way of achieving African unity.
90. Account for the wide spread coups in Africa and examine their effect on the economic development on the African states.
91. To what extent was the French colonial policy in West Africa responsible for the growth of A.N by the second half of the 20th century?

92. What factors led to the growth of A.N in S.Africa since 1945?
93. Account for Biafra's failure to secede from the rest of Nigeria between 1966 - 1970.
94. "The most serious problem that has confronted Sudan after independence has been that internal disunity". Discuss.
95. What attempts did Emperor Haile Sellassie make to modernize Ethiopia? How successful was he?
96. Assess the role of the United Nations towards securing the independence of Namibia.
97. "Colonial policies were responsible for the development of African Nationalism" Discuss.
98. Assess the role played by the United Nations Organization (UNO) in the liberation of South Africa.
99. Examine the causes and consequences of famine in Africa today.
100. "The Mau-Mau of 1952 to 1955 was a nationalistic movement" Discuss.
101. Examine the causes and effects of 1966 coup in Ghana.
102. Examine the causes and effects of 1972 coup in Ghana.
103. Examine the cases and effects of the 1978 coup in Ghana.
104. Assess the achievements of Arusha declaration of 1967 in Tanzania.
105. Assess the impact of the Ujaama policy in the development of Tanzania between 1967 and 1985.
106. How far did the British policies in Zanzibar influence the Zanzibar revolution of 1964?

107. How meaningful is the concept of non-alignment in Africa today?
108. With specific examples, discuss the factors responsible for the instability of civilian rule in Africa.
109. Assess the impact of the Second World War on the growth of African nationalism.
110. Account for the origins of the 1959 civil war in Rwanda. What were its consequences?
111. Assess the contribution of armed struggle in the attainment of independence of either Algeria or Mozambique.
112. Assess the contribution of any one of the following in the liberation struggle of his country.
- a, Nelson Mandela b, Ignatius Musazi c, Sam Nujoma d, Patrice Lumumba
e, Milton Obote.
113. "African states regained their independence through the front door and lost it by the back door" Discuss this statement in terms of neo-colonialism.
114. With reference to any two African countries examine the strength and weaknesses of military rule.
115. Assess the contribution of the 5th Pan-African congress towards the independence movement in Africa.
116. Discuss the causes and consequences of the civil war in Nigeria (1966-70)
117. Account for the occurrence of military coups in Africa.
118. "The Ethiopian resistance to imperialism and the return of Haile selassie in 1941 created more problems than good in Ethiopia". Discuss.
119. To what extent did the recruitment of African armies for overseas services affect nationalism in Africa?

120. What effect did the 1944 Brazzaville conference have on the struggle for independence in French West Africa?
121. Analyze the factors that led to the rise of modern African nationalism.
112. What influence did Ghana independence have on the de-colonization of Africa and Pan Africanism?
123. Discuss the causes and consequences of the Algerian revolution.
124. Analyze the issues that led to the rise of Afrikaner nationalism and the establishment of apartheid rule in South Africa.
125. To what extent were the economic factors responsible for the Rwanda uprising of 1959?
126. Examine the influence of the cold war politics on the growth of African nationalism.
127. To what extent did the land problem lead to the outbreak of the Mau - Mau uprising in Kenya?
128. Assess the achievement of Ujaama policy in Tanzania.
129. To what extent was the 1972 economic war geared towards achieving economic independence?
130. Examine the causes and effects of the Algerian war of independence.
131. To what extent the Mau-Mau uprising and a nationalistic movement.
132. Assess the role of the Egyptian revolution in the rise and growth of AN.
133. Asses the contributions of Augustino Neto in Angolan armed struggle between 1962 and 1975
134. "Francois Tombalbaye was responsible for the civil war in Chad between 1965 and 1985". Discuss.

135. Examine the attempts made by African states to avoid neo-colonialism?
136. Examine the causes and effects of refugees problem in Africa today.
137. Assess the achievements of East African community between 1967 and 1977.
138. "Political factors were responsible for the Rwanda revolution of 1959" Discuss.
139. Assess the role played by the people of South Africa in dismantling of apartheid by 1994.
140. Assess the role played by the cold war politics in the development and growth of African nationalism.
141. Assess the role of any of the following organization in the struggle for independence into their countries.
- a) ANC b) SWAPO c) FRELIMO d) FLN e) MPLA f) PAIGC
142. Examine how the western culture has affected African culture.
143. To what extent was South Africa a stumbling block to the independence of Namibia.
144. Discuss problems that have faced PAM since its inception.
145. Assess the role of external factors in the decolonisation of Algeria.
146. Discuss the causes and effects of Buganda crisis of 1966.
147. "The Egyptian revolution of 1952 was inevitable" Discuss.
148. Discuss the view that foreign aid is an instrument of Neo – colonialism.
149. Account for the failure of Katanga to secede from Congo Zaire in the 1960s.
150. To what extent did education promote National unity in Tanzania?
151. Analyse the root cause of Chad civil war and what steps did OAU take to solve it?

167. To what extent did the Non-Alignment movement achieve the objectives of its founders? -
168. Account for the collapse of civilian rule in Nigeria in 1966.
169. Examine the causes and effects of the Malagasy uprising of 1947.
170. How was apartheid promoted in South Africa?
171. To what extent did the Bantustans promote apartheid policy in South Africa.?
172. Examine the causes and effects of the Soweto uprising.
173. How did the Soweto uprising lead to the collapse of the apartheid system.
174. Examine the social and economic developments in Zimbabwe after independence.
175. Account for the limited success of the Ujaama policy in Tanzania.
176. Examine the problems faced by the EAC between 1967 and 1977.
177. Account for the delayed independence of Western Sahara.
178. "Nationalism was a major factor in the outbreak of the 1935-1941 Italo- Ethiopian crisis". Discuss.
179. How did the colonial administrative policies contribute to the outbreak of the 1967-70 Biafran war of secession?
180. Account for the survival of the apartheid regime in South Africa between 1948 and 1994.
181. Describe the features of socialism in Tanzania between 1967 and 1986.
182. Explain the measures which have been taken to achieve economic self- reliance in any one independent African state.
183. Assess the impact of the Lusaka declaration on Southern Africa since 1980.